U.S. Census Bureau



B03001

HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN BY SPECIFIC ORIGIN Universe: Total population 2006-2008 American Community Survey 3-Year Estimates

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

	Ala	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	
Total:	681,235	****	
Not Hispanic or Latino	641,705	+/-651	
Hispanic or Latino:	39,530	+/-651	
Mexican	22,792	+/-1,708	
Puerto Rican	4,587	+/-1,040	
Cuban	947	+/-483	
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	1,747	+/-752	
Central American:	2,587	+/-790	
Costa Rican	386	+/-320	
Guatemalan	258	+/-263	
Honduran	84	+/-72	
Nicaraguan	232	+/-169	
Panamanian	535	+/-286	
Salvadoran	1,042	+/-600	
Other Central American	50	+/-73	
South American:	2,071	+/-542	
Argentinean	110	+/-137	
Bolivian	2	+/-3	
Chilean	61	+/-64	
Colombian	937	+/-324	
Ecuadorian	137	+/-146	
Paraguayan	0	+/-136	
Peruvian	650	+/-342	
Uruguayan	22	+/-36	
Venezuelan	136	+/-213	
Other South American	16	+/-23	
Other Hispanic or Latino:	4,799	+/-1,003	
Spaniard	1,626	+/-553	
Spanish	862	+/-280	
Spanish American	0	+/-136	
All other Hispanic or Latino	2,311	+/-858	

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

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While the 2008 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2007 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities. The 2008 Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS) data generally reflect the November 2007 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in PRCS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006-2008 American Community Survey